SAFETY DATA SHEET

| SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking | | |
|--|--|--|
| 1.1 Product identifier | | |
| Product name | : RONSEAL 6 YEAR ANTI MOULD PAINT - AEROSOL | |
| Product code | : RONB00466-01 | |
| EC number | : Mixture. | |
| CAS number | : Not applicable. | |
| Chemical formula | : Not applicable. | |
| 1.2 Relevant identified use Material uses | s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Paint or paint related material. | |
| 1.3 Details of the supplier of sheet | of the safety data | |
| Sherwin Williams Diversifier Thorncliffe Park Chapeltown Sheffield United Kingdom S35 2YP | d Brands Limited | |
| +44 (0)114 246 7171 | | |
| Sherwin Williams 644 Jordanstown Road Aerodrome Business Park Rathcoole Ireland D24 XE8F | | |
| +353 1 2944009 | | |
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : sds@ronseal.co.uk | |
| 1.4 Emergency telephone r | number | |
| National advisory body/Po | | |
| Telephone number | 111 (general public) and 0344 892 111 (Medical professional (NHS) only) | |
| <u>Supplier</u> | | |
| Telephone number | : +44 (0)114 246 7171 (08:30 - 17:00) | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Date of issue/Date of revision : 15, Apr, 2021.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

RONSEAL 6 YEAR ANTI MOULD PAINT - AEROSOL RONB00466-01

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms

| : | | | × |
|---|---|---|---|
| | • | • | • |

| Signal word | : | Danger |
|---|---|--|
| Hazard statements | : | Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| General | : | Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : | Wear protective gloves and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapour or spray. |
| Response | : | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. |
| Disposal | : | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Hazardous ingredients | : | Acetone 2-N-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one |
| Supplemental label elements | : | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : | Not applicable. |
| Special packaging requirements | | |
| Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings | : | Not applicable. |
| Tactile warning of danger | : | Not applicable. |
| 2.3 Other hazards | | |
| | | This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | None known. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

:

3.2 Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | Туре |
|---|--|-----------|---|---------|
| Petroleum gases, liquefied | REACH #: Annex V EC: 270-704-2 CAS: 68476-85-7 Index: 649-202-00-6 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 | [2] |
| Acetone | REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | [1] [2] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | [1] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119471843-32 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH066 | [1] |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol | EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3 | ≤5 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| Terbutryn | EC: 212-950-5 CAS: 886-50-0 | ≤0.1 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) | [1] |
| 2-N-Octyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one | EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5 | <0.1 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | [1] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| General | In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains octhilinone (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|---------------------|---|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| SECTION 5: Firefighting measures | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| 5.1 Extinguishing media | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powders. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. | |

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

| Hazards from the | : | Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may |
|----------------------|---|---|
| substance or mixture | | cause a health hazard. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| Hazardous combustion products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen. |
|---|--|
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | | ctive equipment and emergency procedures |
|---|--|---|--|
| | For non-emergency personnel | : | Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
| | For emergency responders | : | Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| | 6.2 Environmental precautions | : | Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations. |
| | 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up | : | Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents. |
| | 6.4 Reference to other sections | : | See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

| 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations or avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational expose In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipmer protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floor conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools shou Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, primist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas whethandled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 4 Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vesse Always keep in containers made from the same material as the Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours are heavier than air. | sure limits. h all naked lights and hent should be when transferring ors should be of the ould be used. particulates, spray or n of dust from ere this material is 8). el. e original one. |
|---|---|
|---|---|

5/17

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

| | When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits. |
|--|--|
| 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store in accordance with local regulations. Notes on joint storage Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Additional information on storage conditions Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. |
| | Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. |
| 7.3 Specific end use(s) | |
| Recommendations | : Not available. |
| Industrial sector specific solutions | : Not available. |
| Cood housekeeping standar | do regular acts removed of wests materials and regular maintenance of annov beath |

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | | Exposure limit values | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Petroleum gases, liquefied | 1 | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 2180 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1750 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. | | | | |
| Acetone | | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 3620 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | | | |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol | | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. | | | | |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | atmosphere or of the ventilatic protective equi the following: I the assessmer limit values and atmospheres - | contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for nt of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 | | | | |
| ate of issue/Date of revision | : 15, Apr, 2021. | Date of previous issue : 10, Mar, 2021. Version : 3.01 6/1 | | | | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|---|------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Acetone | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 186 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1210 mg/ m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 2420 mg/ m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 62 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 200 mg/m³ | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 62 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 208 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| ,,,, | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 871 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 900 mg/m³ | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 553.5 mg/ m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 369 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 50.6 mg/ kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 43.9 mg/m ³ | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 18.1 mg/ kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 3.3 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Acetone | Fresh water | 10.6 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water | 1.06 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 100 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 30.4 mg/kg | - |
| | Sediment | 3.04 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 29.5 mg/kg | - |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol | Fresh water | 10 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 41.6 mg/kg | - |
| te of issue/Date of revision : 15, Apr, 2021. | Date of previous issue | :10, Mar, 2021. | Version : 3.01 |

RONSEAL 6 YEAR ANTI MOULD PAINT - AEROSOL

RONB00466-01 **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection** Marine water sediment 4.17 mg/kg 2.47 mg/kg 100 mg/l Soil Sewage Treatment Plant

| 8.2 Exposure controls | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values. |
| Individual protection meas | |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. |
| Gloves | Short term exposure less than 10 minutes Continuous use Nitrile gloves. Hazardous ingredients Section 3 Short term exposure and For more than 4 hours of protection in the presence of Butanone Acetone or Methyl isobutyl ketone use Butyl gloves 0.7mm . For more than 4 hours of protection in the presence of Aromatic solvent Aliphatic solvent. or Mineral oil. use polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves. The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: European Solvents Industry Group (ESIG). Long Term Exposure Spill / For prolonged or repeated handling, use PE / PE Laminate gloves > 8 hours (breakthrough time) . There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. |
| | Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this |
| | product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. |
| Body protection | Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres. |
| | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: A2P2 (EN14387). Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. |

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|---|---|---|
| Physical state | : | Liquid. |
| Colour | : | White. |
| Odour | : | Hydrocarbon. |
| Odour threshold | : | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |
| рН | : | Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | | Not available. |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: -17.78°C |
| Evaporation rate | : | Slower than Ether Phase |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : | LEL: 0.6% (Isoparaffinic HC Solvent) UEL: 13.74% (1-Methoxy-2-propanol) |
| Vapour pressure | : | 68.5 kPa [at 20°C] |
| Vapour density | : | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |
| Relative density | : | 0.7729 |
| Solubility(ies) | | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |
| Solubility in water | | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not Available (Not Tested). |
| Decomposition temperature | | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. |
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable. |
| Explosive properties | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Oxidising properties | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 9.2 Other information | | |
| | | |

| <u>Aerosol product</u> | |
|------------------------|--------------|
| Type of aerosol | : Spray |
| Heat of combustion | : 32.45 kJ/g |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| - | - |
|--|--|
| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen. |
| | |

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains octhilinone (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|------------------------|---------|------------------------|----------|
| Acetone | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5800 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 8500 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 8500 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 13 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6600 mg/kg | - |
| Terbutryn | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >10200 mg/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2045 mg/kg | - |
| 2-N-Octyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 690 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 550 mg/kg | - |

Acute toxicity estimates

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

RONSEAL 6 YEAR ANTI MOULD PAINT - AEROSOL

RONB00466-01

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

No data available

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| Acetone | Eyes - Mild irritant | Human | - | 186300 ppm | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 UI | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 20 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 395 mg | - |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Terbutryn | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 76 mg | - |
| - | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 380 mg | - |
| 2-N-Octyl-4-isothiazolin- | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| 3-one | | | | | |

Conclusion/Summary

Sensitisation

: Not available.

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Teratogenicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Acetone Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| Acetone | Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Selenastrum sp. | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water | Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Poecilia reticulata | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Daphniidae | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae | 42 days |
| Terbutryn | Acute EC50 2 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.7 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.66 ppm Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 579.3 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Pacifastacus leniusculus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.82 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| 2-N-Octyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one | Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours 35 days |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Acetone | - | - | Readily |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- | - | - | Readily |
| alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | | | |
| 2-N-Octyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------|------------|-----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | - | 10 to 2500 | high |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | - | 10 to 2500 | high |

12.4 Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
|--|------------------|
| Mobility | : Not available. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 15, Apr, 2021. |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| | |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| 12.5 Results of PBT and vPv | 'B assessment |
|-----------------------------|---|
| PBT | : Not applicable. |
| vPvB | : Not applicable. |
| 12.6 Other adverse effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |
| SECTION 12. Dispessel | anaidarationa |

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| 13.1 Waste treatment metho | \$ |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| <u>Product</u> | |
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| Hazardous waste | : Yes. |
| European waste catalogue (EWC) | : waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances 08 01 11* |
| Disposal considerations | Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority. |
| Packaging | |
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. |
| Disposal considerations | : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. |
| European waste catalogue (EWC) | Recycling possible. Ensure packaging is completely empty before recycling. Dispose of uncured residues in the same way as the product itself. Plastic articles 15 01 02 - metallic packaging 15 01 04 - mixed packaging 15 01 06. 15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances |
| Special precautions | : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container. |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|---|------------------------|---|---------------------|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS. Marine pollutant (Acetone) | Aerosols, flammable |
| 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s) | | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| ate of issue/Date of rev | ision : 15, Apr, 2021. | Date of previous issue : 10, Mar, 2023 | 1. Version : 3.01 |

SECTION 14. Transport information

| SECTION 14: Transport information | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| 14.4 Packing group | - | - | - | |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | |
| Additional information | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Limited quantity</u> 1 L <u>Special provisions</u> 190, 327, 625, 344 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D) | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 959 | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. Special provisions A145, A167, A802 | |

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

| 14.7 Transport in bulk | : Not applicable. |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| according to IMO | |
| instruments | |

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Other EU regulations | : | Not applicable. |
|---|---|-----------------|
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air | : | Listed |
| Aerosol dispensers | : | |
| | | 2 |

5

SECTION 15: Regulatory information



Extremely flammable

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

National regulations

| Product/ingredient name | List name | Name on list | Classification | Notes |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|-------|
| | UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL | liquefied petroleum gas; LPG | Carc. | - |

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Abbreviations and acronyms | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |
|---|--|
| Key literature references and sources for data | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road DPD = Dangerous Preparations Directive [1999/45/EC] DSD = Dangerous Substances Directive [67/548/EEC] IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions CEPE Guidelines |

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|----------------|---|
| | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method |

| RONSEAL 6 YEAR ANTI MOULD PAINT - AEROSOI |
|---|
| RONB00466-01 |

SECTION 16: Other information

| Full text of abbreviated H | : H220 | Extremely flammable gas. | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| statements | H222, H229 | Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if | |
| | | heated. | |
| | H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. | |
| | H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. | |
| | H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. | |
| | H302 | Harmful if swallowed. | |
| | H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | |
| | H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. | |
| | H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. | |
| | H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. | |
| | H318 | Causes serious eye damage. | |
| | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| | H331 | Toxic if inhaled. | |
| | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | |
| | H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. | |
| | H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| | H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| | H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| | EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | |
| Full text of classifications | : Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 | |
| [CLP/GHS] | Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 | |
| | Aerosol 1 | AEROSOLS - Category 1 | |
| | Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category | |
| | | 1 | |
| | Aquatic Chronic | 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - | |
| | | Category 1 | |
| | Aquatic Chronic | 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - | |
| | | Category 2 | |
| | Aquatic Chronic | 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - | |
| | | Category 3 | |
| | Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | |
| | Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 | |
| | Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 | |
| | Flam. Gas 1A | FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A | |
| | Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 | |
| | Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | |
| | Press. Gas (Con | | |
| | Skin Corr. 1B | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B | |
| | Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 | |
| | STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE | |
| | | EXPOSURE - Category 3 | |
| Date of printing | : 15, Apr, 2021. | | |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 15, Apr, 2021. | | |
| Date of previous issue | : 10, Mar, 2021. | | |
| | : If there is no pre information. | vious validation date please contact your supplier for more | |
| Version | : 3.01 | | |
| Notice to reader | | | |

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams.

16/17

RONSEAL 6 YEAR ANTI MOULD PAINT - AEROSOL

RONB00466-01

SECTION 16: Other information

Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, therefore the customer/buyer/ user is responsible for determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/ buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.