# **PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Product identifier

VANISH Oxi Action Crystal White Powder Fabric Stain Remover Contains Sodium Carbonate Peroxyhydrate

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Laundry Additive

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

The United Kingdom: RB UK Commercial Ltd

Wellcroft House

Wellcroft Road

Slough

Berkshire

SL1 4AQ

The Republic Of Ireland:
Reckitt Benckiser Ireland Ltd

7 Riverwalk

Citywest Business Campus

Dublin 24 Ireland

1.4 Emergency telephone number Only available during the following office hours: 09:00 - 17:00 weekdays

UK Contact Telephone: 0845 769 7079 ROI Contact Telephone: 01 661 7318

Contact Email: consumer.relations-ukroi@rb.com

 Revision Date:
 Revision
 Replacing
 RB Ref No:

 1 October 2015
 1
 7034331104 01 Jun 2015
 7034370101

Revisions: Name change

Additional useful information

Product Format: White powder

**(i)** 

Proper Shipping Name Not Classified Dangerous for Transport



### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : Xn; R22

Xi; R41, R38

Human health hazards : Harmful if swallowed. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Irritating to skin.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements

General: Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Wash

hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Hazard symbol or symbols



Indication of danger : Harmful

Risk phrases : R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R38- Irritating to skin.

Safety phrases: \$1/2- Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

S3- Keep in a cool place.S8- Keep container dry.

S24/25- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S28- After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

S39- Wear eye/face protection.

S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or

label.

Hazardous ingredients

(DPD)

: Sodium Carbonate Peroxide

Hazardous ingredients

(CLP)

: Sodium Carbonate Peroxide



Supplemental label elements (DPD)

: Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements (CLP)

: Not applicable.

#### Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings

Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Additional information

: For sensitive skin, the use of gloves is recommended. Keep container dry. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.



# **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients**

#### Substance/mixture : Mixture

			Class	<u>ification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Sodium Carbonate Peroxyhydrate	REACH #: 01-2119457268-30 EC: 239-707-6 CAS: 15630-89-4	30 - 60	O; R8 Xn; R22 Xi; R41	Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
sodium carbonate	REACH #: 01-2119485498-19 EC: 207-838-8 CAS: 497-19-8 Index: 011-005-00-2	20 - 40	Xi; R36	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
disodium disilicate	EC: 237-623-4 CAS: 13870-28-5	1 - 2.5	Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	EC: 500-195-7 CAS: 68131-39-5	0.25 - 1	Xn; R22 Xi; R41 N; R50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain

dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move to fresh air. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains



4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.



# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for



#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

 Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.



#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

#### Recommendations

Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)
 Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)
 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

# Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.



# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Exposure limit values

#### Europe

No exposure limit value known.

# procedures

Recommended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### 8.2 Manufacturer: Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products. before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Permeation level 6, Penetration level 3 following EN374, taking into consideration the exposure of chemicals given in chapter 3.

# **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



#### Other skin protection

 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

# Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.



# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Solid. [Powder.]

Color White.

Odor : Characteristic. : Not available. Odor threshold

рH : 10.2 to 11.2 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Not applicable

Flash point : No flammable ingredients present.

: Not applicable. Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Non-flammable. **Burning time** : Not applicable **Burning rate** : Not applicable Upper/lower flammability or Not available.

explosive limits

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available. Density : 1 to 1.1 g/cm3

Solubility(ies) : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Decomposition temperature Not available. Viscosity : Not applicable **Explosive properties** : Not available. Oxidizing properties : Not available. **Corrosivity Remarks** : Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.



# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
 Polymerization. : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation. Do not mix with:

acids

reducing agents

chlorine-based bleaching agents

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Do not mix with household chemicals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products: carbon oxides, Various Organic chemicals.

Instability Conditions

Not available.

Instability temperature

: Not available.



# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Sodium Carbonate Peroxyhydrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1034 mg/kg	-
sodium carbonate	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	l	>2000 mg/kg 2800 mg/kg	-
disodium disilicate Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat - Male Rat	2507 mg/kg > 2 g/kg	-

# Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
ORAL (LD50) Calculated value for the mixture	2068 mg/Kg

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium carbonate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	I	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
disodium disilicate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

#### Sensitization

No known effect according to our database.

#### Mutagenicity

No known effect according to our database.

#### Carcinogenicity

No known effect according to our database.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No known effect according to our database.

#### Teratogenicity

No known effect according to our database.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No known effect according to our database.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No known effect according to our database.

#### Aspiration hazard

No known effect according to our database.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.



# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.



# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
SODIUM CARBONATE	_	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
	_	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - 3. 88 cm - 0.96 g	96 hours

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No known effect according to our database.

Conclusion/Summary

: The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
sodium carbonate	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP₀w	BCF	Potential
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	2.03 to 6.24	237	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal : Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local

environmental control regulations. Waste packaging should be recycled.

Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
20 01 29	detergents containing dangerous substances

#### Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste

packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and

runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

This preparation is not classified as dangerous according to international transport regulations (ADR/RID, IMDG or ICAO/IATA).

For long distance transport of bulk material or shrunk pallet take into consideration sections 7 and 10.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Chemical Safety Assessment following regulation 1907/2006/EC: not available

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control

list (IPPC) - Air

Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water CMR Substances

None of the components are listed.

Hazard class for water : 2 Appendix No. 4



# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Key literature references and sources for data

Not available.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit, 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Expert judgment
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method

Europe

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

: H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

(oral)

Causes skin irritation. H315

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eve irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. (Respiratory tract irritation)

(Respiratory tract irritation)

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications

[CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4. H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 Aguatic Acute 1, H400 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM)- Category 3

Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Ox. Sol. 3, H272 OXIDIZING SOLIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Full text of abbreviated R

phrases

: R8- Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R36- Irritating to eyes. R38- Irritating to skin.

R50- Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

 O - Oxidizing Xn - Harmful

> Xi - Irritant N - Dangerous for the environment

This document complements the technical usage instructions but does not replace them. The information contained herein is based on our best current knowledge if the product concerned, and is given in good faith. The attention of recipients is drawn to (amongst other things) the element of risk consequent to use of the product other than that for which it was intended.

In no way does this document remove the need of the recipient of the product to fully understand and apply statutory requirements. It is the recipient's sole responsibility to take due precautions relative to the use made of the product. All information contained herein is only to assist the recipient in fulfilling their statutory duty connected with the use of hazardous materials



This Document may be entitled <u>Product Safety Data Sheet</u> as required by REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals) Annex II OR <u>Product Data Information Sheet</u> where a product is not required to be supported by a full REACH compliant SDS (e.g. not classified as hazardous or out of scope, such as cosmetics). Changes from the previous version are given in Section 1.

This list of information must not be considered as exhaustive, and does not exonerate the recipient from taking other precautions described in documents other than those mentioned, concerning the storage and use of the product, for which they remain the sole person responsible.